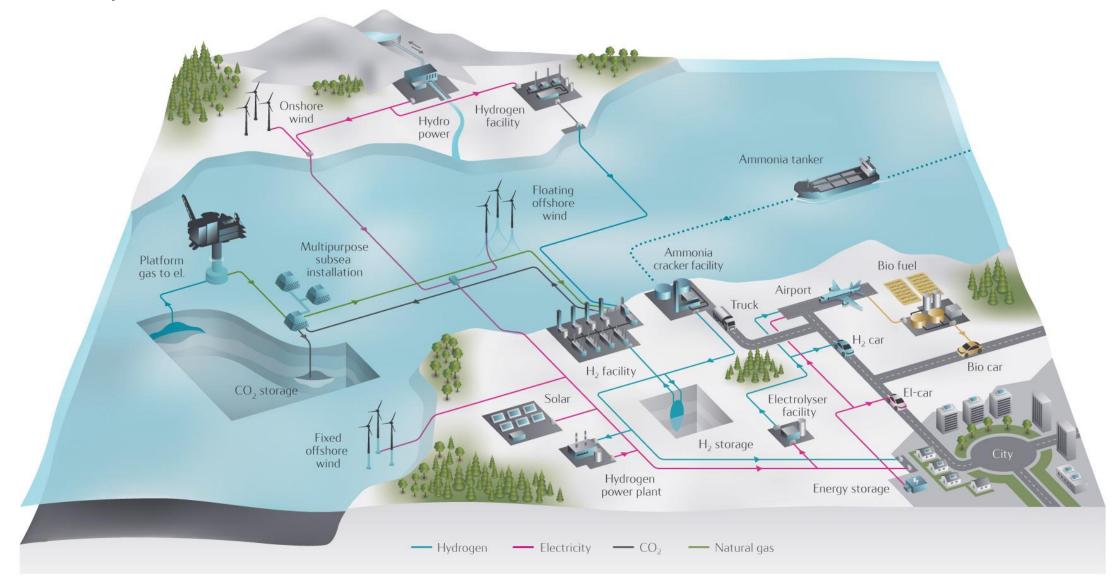
Low Carbon Solutions



Steinar Eikaas – Equinor



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Gas is a cost efficient enabler ... to a carbon neutral energy system

2020 - ^{-20%} _ 2030 - ^{-40%} _ 2050 ⁻⁹⁵ CO 2

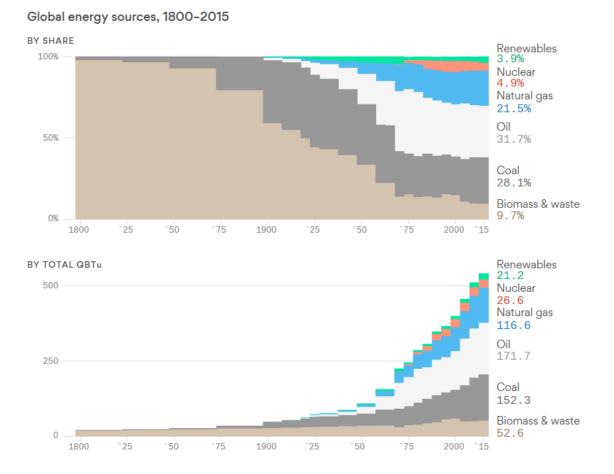
Gas displacing more carbon intense fuels in transport, heating and power

Gas combination with renewables (gas and electricity)

Hydrogen and renewable electricity smartly integrated



Despite new technology, there has never been an energy transition in the past...

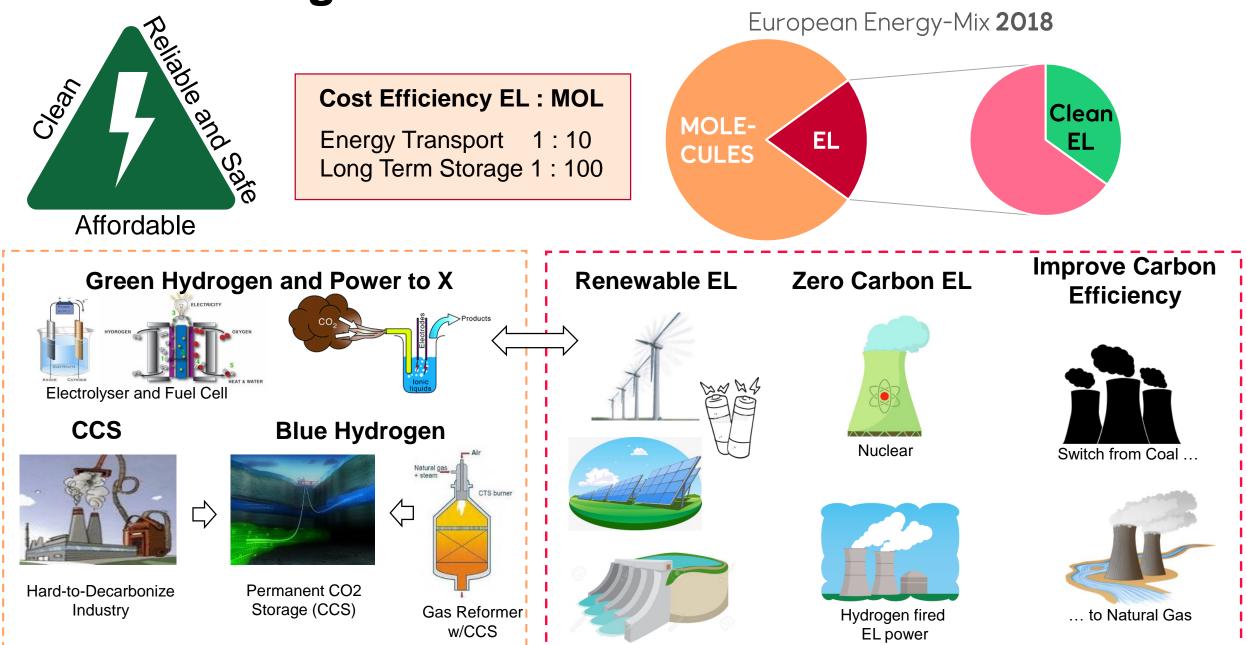


Note: 1800–1900 data shown at 25-year intervals, 1900–1920 & 1930–1970 data shown at 10-year intervals, and 1920–1930 & 1970–2015 data shown at 5-year intervals. Data: Arnulf Grubler (2008), International Energy Agency (2017). Reproduced from charts by Richard Newell and Daniel Raimi. Chart: Axios Visuals

- Shifts in primary energy supply has taken decades in the past
- ...but GROWTH in energy demand more than outweigh shift between supply sources
- To meet the 1.5 degree target, <u>all energy use</u> <u>has to be carbon neutral by 2050!</u>
- This cannot be solved by phasing in renewables only - it is currently a small fraction
- We need to use the entire toolbox to have the slightest chance of succeeding

The Challenge and the Tool-Box





Decarbonization of the "molecule sector"



Hydrogen

Transformational Blue Hydrogen Establish major hydrogen infrastructure supplemented by renewable





Transformational Renewable

Electrification based fully on renewable solutions (including electrolyser and fuelcell hydrogen solutions)

Incremental Renewable Focus on semicommercial solutions (limited market intervention)





Pragmatic Electrification

Electrification based on renewable, but fossil based back-up and massive nuclear

Electrification



Northern Lights - Visualisation of CO2 storage hub



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Equinor Hydrogen Portfolio

H2M - Magnum

- Energy: 8-12 TWh
- Utilise existing gas power plants
- Switch fuel from natural gas to clean H2
- Clean electricity
- · Clean back-up for solar and wind
- Launch large-scale H2 economy
- Partners: Nuon and Gasunie

H21 North of England

- Energy: 75-85 TWh
- Domestic heating in UK
- Utilise existing gas network
- Synergies with industry/power generation
- Enables H2 to transport later
- Partners: Northern Gas Network and Cadent



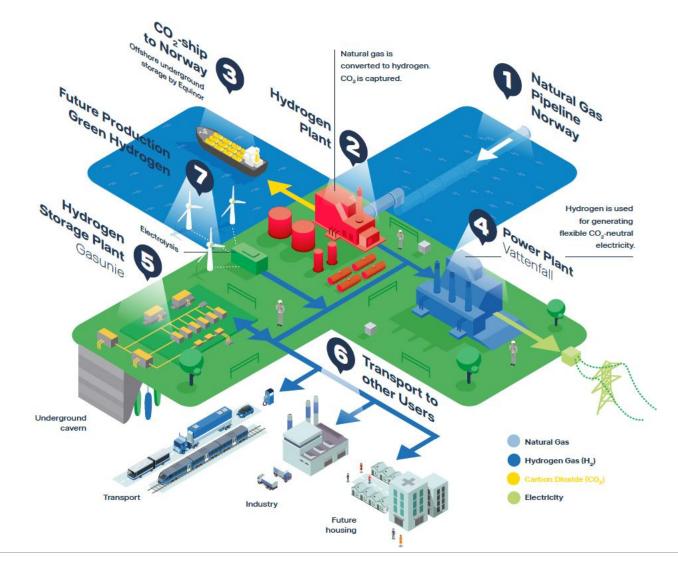


New Projects

- Maritime transport Norway
- Clean Hydrogen Pilot Norway
- Ammonia to Power Japan (6-7 TWh)
- Power and Industry France with GRT Gaz
- Heat and power Germany with OGE
- Hydrogen CCU UK (80-90 TWh)
- Power and Industry NL (12-20 TWh)



H2M – Magnum, Netherlands





- Energy: 8-12 TWh
- CO2 emissions reduction of 2 Mton/year
- Utilise existing gas power plants and gas infrastructure
- Switch fuel from natural gas to clean H2
- Clean, flexible electricity as back-up for solar and wind
- Launch large-scale H2 economy

Partners:

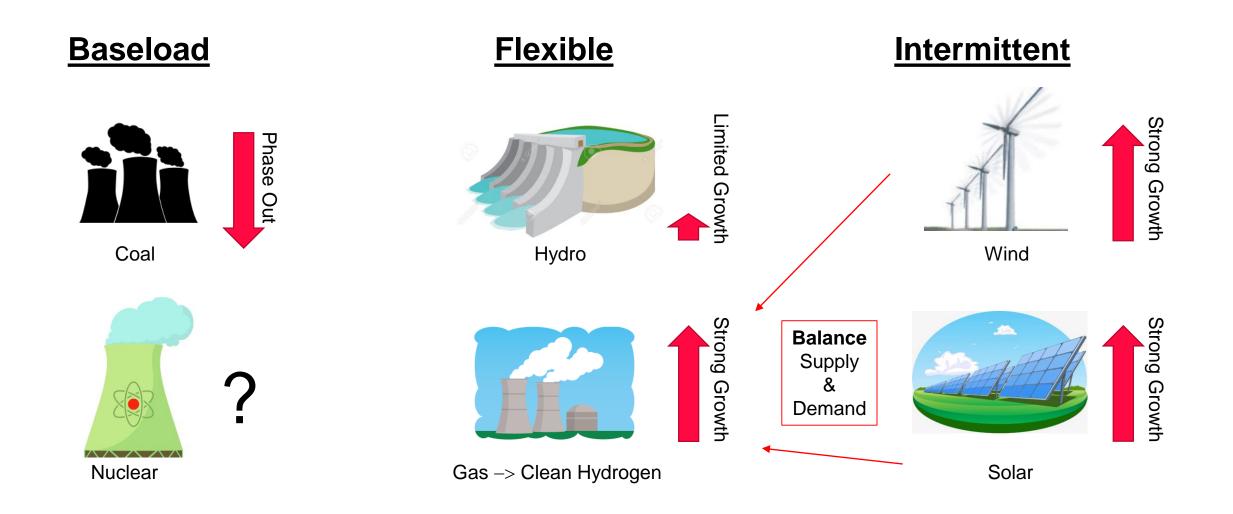






Demand for Clean and Flexible Power Expected to go up

9



Perfect fit of Offshore Wind and Hydrogen

10





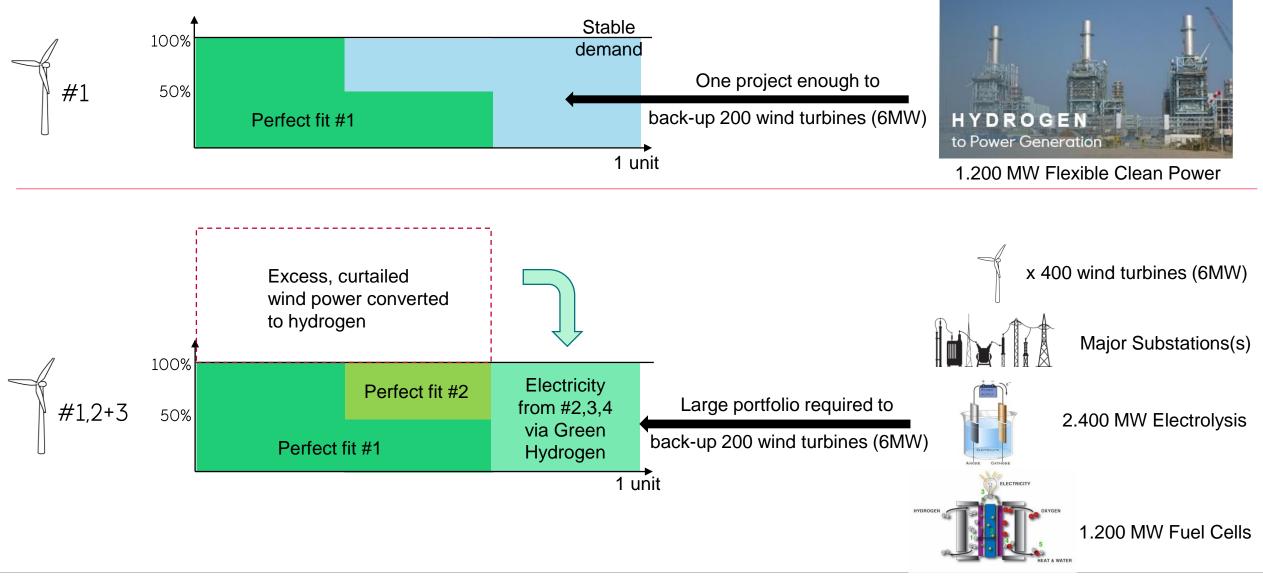
20.000 x 20ft (2,5 days backup)



440 Mw Unlimited, Clean Backup

Wind Intermittency Managed via Blue or Green Hydrogen

Simplified concepts

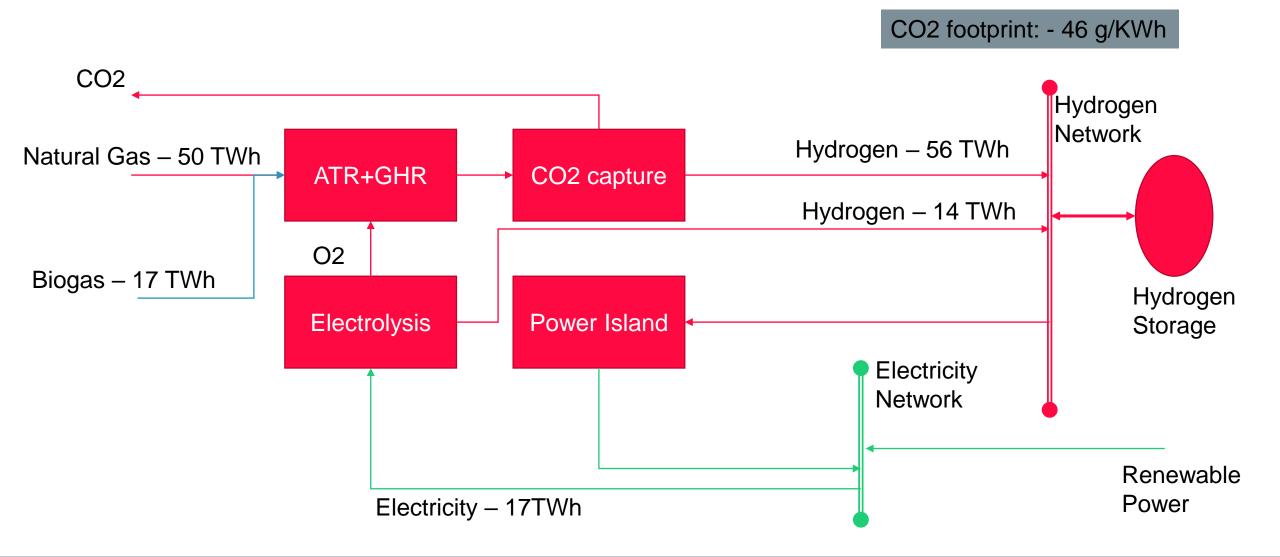


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ATR Potential Development



– reducing Natural Gas consumption 50% by introducing renewable power and Biogas



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H21 North of England





System approach to decarbonise residential heating and distributed gas use

Fuel switch from natural gas to hydrogen

- Large-Scale: 12.5% of UK population , ~85 TWh
- 12,5 Million tons CO2 reduction per year
- 12 GW hydrogen production
- 8 TWh storage of hydrogen
- CO2 footprint 14,5 g/KWh
- Offshore CO2 storage in either UK or Norway
- Facilitating unlimited system coupling between gas and electricity
- CAPEX: £23 billion



H21 NoE Supply Concept



Greenfield Hydrogen Facility

- Location: Easington
- Capacity: 12 GW
- Confiiguration. Multi train, selfsufficient with power



Hydrogen Storage

- Location: Aldbrough
- Capacity: 8 TWh
- Confiiguration. 56 caverns at 300,000 m3



CO2 Storage

- Location: Bundter
- Capacity: +600 Million @ 17 mtpa
- Confiiguration. Saline aquifers



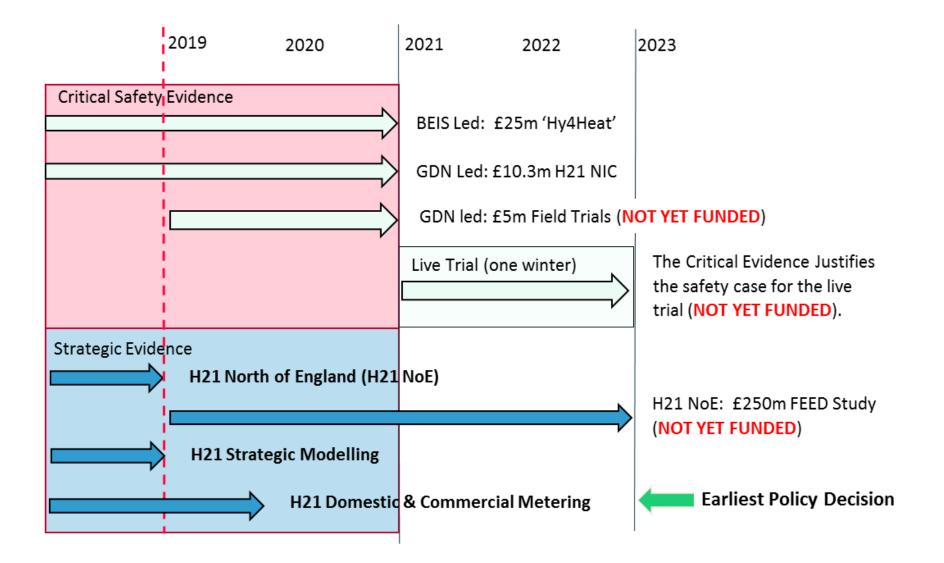
H21 - What will it cost? 2035 Residential Prices

2035 Residential Prices CO2 Footprint

- Electricity £200/MWh (BEIS Projection) 50 g/KWh
- Natural Gas £50/MWh (BEIS Projection) 200 g/KWh
- Hydrogen
 £75/MWh (H21)
 15 g/KWh (H21)



The Next Steps



Understanding the Challenge

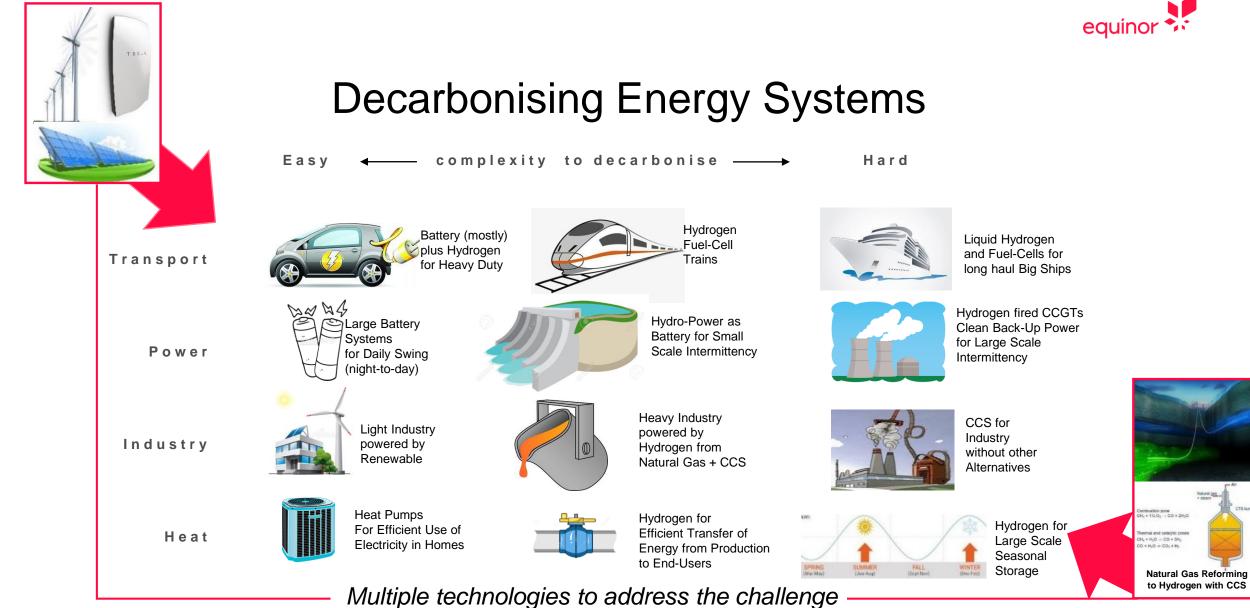
Natural Gas currently provides Europe with more than 1500 TWh of flexible energy.

What is 1500 TWh?

equinor H21 North of England 50 X H, storage H, facility North of England







Key Messages

19

• Decarbonizing Europe towards 2050 is a major challenge.



- Renewable solutions are perfect for the carbon-light sectors.
- Heavy industry, heat and flexible power generation require <u>large-scale solutions</u> on which we need to start working <u>today</u>
- Hydrogen from natural gas with permanent offshore storage of CO2 offers:
 - Low cost Gas reforming is the most cost effective hydrogen pathway
 - Low technical risk Proven technology in H2 production and CO2 storage
 - A clean value chain The CO2 is returned to permanent offshore storage
 - Large scale The industry has demonstrated a track-record of mega projects
- Hydrogen from natural gas with CCS will establish a robust hydrogen infrastructure that green hydrogen can utilize

Low Carbon Solutions

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