LNG AS A MARINE FUEL

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Need for multiple solutions

Scale and complexity of the energy challenge requires a variety of cleaner energy solutions

BIO I NG

CO₂ CAPTURE



LNG - A cleaner option vs conventional fuels



Emissions of particulates from natural gas combustion are 90% lower



Natural gas emits virtually no sulfur dioxide, so using more natural gas as fuel could emit less pollutants



LNG fueled vessels can reduce Greenhouse Gas (GHG) emission up to 28% (tank to wake)



HOW LNG FUEL CAN REDUCE EMISSIONS IN SHIPPING





Equivalent to 200 trucks removed from the road for a single ship

*One example of emissions reduction using one supply chain scenario and one medium-large engine, >1 MW. Higher or lower engine efficiency and supply chain emissions impact WtW savings proportionally. Unburned methane in the exhaust (methane slip) has higher GHG impact than fuel completely combusted to CO_2 .

Source: Shell SR.13.11731. Truck comparison calculation based on data from EIA for CO2 values for diesel and from information from American Clean Skies, MJ Bradley relating to fuel consumption for trucks and ships.

LNG fuel is available in 150 global locations and overlapping with key maritime hubs

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Take up of LNG vessels is growing - the IMO 2020 transition provides opportunities for future growth

- Operating area of vessels on order
- Currently 131 LNG-fuelled vessels operating globally, with 140 more in the order book
- Over 131 'LNG Ready' vessels either on the water or on order





- Asia Pacific 4%
- Middle East 1%



of Vessels

Marine LNG poised for growth



Source: Shell interpretation of DNV-GL & Woodmac *Other vessels includes fishing vessels, dredgers, etc.

2018





Containerships London





1st LNG-powered oil tanker



Bunkering to Cruise @Barcelona

LNG Car Ferries

Shell is investing in LNG bunkering infrastructure



"A historic moment for Shell"



Shell has <u>signed an agreement</u> with Qatar Petroleum to increase the availability of LNG as a marine fuel. The joint venture will develop LNG bunkering infrastructure in key ports worldwide covering high-traffic shipping lanes.

Bunkering Models from Gasnor (Norway)



Bunker from terminal

Bunker from semitrailer

Ship to ship bunkering

LNG is part of the pathway to cleaner shipping

LNG fuelled engine up to 28% GHG saving (tank to wake)

> ~100% SOx ~99% PM



BioLNG

Blending just 20% = **41%** GHG saving

- Leveraging existing infrastructure
- Worldwide availability
- No regret costs

Source: Thinkstep – Life Cycle GHG Emission Study on the Use of LNG as a Marine Fuel

Natural Gas can help improve air quality



Source: International Gas Union case study, University of Oxford Turkish energy market study

LNG, Türkiye'de Denizcilik Sektörüne maliyet avantajı ve Hava Kalitesinin gelişimine de katkı sağlavacaktır

- Yeterli LNG ürün bulunurluğu (2 FSRU & 2 Kara Terminali)
- **LNG ikmal ve dağıtım ağı** ile 2.000'in üzerinde sanayi tesisinde kullanılması
- Tersanelerimiz'in Türkiye'de LNG ile çalışan gemi üretim tecrübeleri
- Yetersiz Talep (Yurtiçi ve Uluslararası müşteriler)
- Yurtiçi Kullanımı Geliştirecek <u>Mevzuat</u> (Yakıt Alım Defteri ile ÖTV muafiyeti)



THE GLOBAL MARITIME REGULATORY ENVIRONMENT **IS CHANGING** In April 2018, IMO gave a clear EMISSION CONTROL AREAS ARE INC signal of the industry's IN NUMBER AND STRENUOSITY

0.5% global limit (MARPOL, 2020) 0.5% EU Sulphur Directive limit (2015) 0.1% Emission control area limit (2020) 0.5% local limit (Hong-Kong, China)* * Note that Hong-Kong, China can go down to 0.1% before 2020

commitment to reduce GHG emissions from international shipping: GHG emissions to peak and decline asap and to reduce the total annual **GHG emissions** by at least 50% by 2050 compared to 2008 while pursuina efforts towards phasing them

Other regulations

- Neca zones and Nox Tier III regulations expected
- Open loop scrubber ban in Singapore, China (ECA) and Fujairah

Other countries with bans or restrictions: India, Belgium, Germany, Norway, Hawaii and California